Brotex® 240 + Glyphosate for Pre-Seed Weed Control in Canola

April 10, 2017



Tank mixing glyphosate with <u>Brotex 240</u> is highly effective, not to mention one of the only preseed solutions for control of volunteer glyphosate tolerant canola (in addition to a broad range of perennial and annual emerged weeds ^A) between the 1-4 leaf stage prior to seeding Roundup Ready[®] canola.

Brotex 240 + Glyphosate Tank Mix Rates for Volunteer Glyphosate Tolerant Canola Control

Weeds Controlled A	Bromoxynil Rate ^B (L/Acre)	Glyphosate Rate (L/Acre)	
	Brotex 240	480 g/L Glyphosate	540 g/L Glyphosate
Annuals	0.58	0.38 - 0.57	0.34 - 0.51
Perennials	0.58	0.77 – 1.52	0.68 - 1.35

A See Brotex 240 and glyphosate labels for full list of weeds controlled

Guidelines for Best Results:

- 1. Staging Spray early. Volunteer canola is most susceptible prior to the 4 leaf stage.
- 2. Rate Apply at labeled rates. Refer to table above.
- **3. Timing Apply up to 1 day prior to seeding.** Seeding one day after treatment is best. DO NOT apply bromoxynil after seeding or crop emergence of canola.
- 4. Planning can reduce volunteer canola populations:
 - a) Harvesting canola reduce canola seed loss through proper timing of swathing and adjusting the combine.
 - **b)** Avoid fall tillage which can bury canola seed.
 - **c) Plan rotations** to maximize volunteer control options. For example, follow canola with cereals to allow for pre-seed and/or in-crop phenoxy treatments.
 - d) Field scouting Control volunteers before they set seed.

Always follow the current Brotex 240 and other label (www.ipco.ca) directions.

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^B Glyphosate alone will not control glyphosate tolerant canola